



BioClean-D™ Overboots BDOB

Low-linting antistatic overboots, offering added protection with a firm, elasticated fit

- **Reduced contamination risks:** BioClean-D™ Overboots BDOB are made from lightweight low-linting CleanTough™ material, lowering the risk of contamination in the cleanroom environment
- **Optimized fit:** These protective overboots' elasticated opening ensures a secure fit, for dependable personal protection that remains firmly in place
- **Enhanced features:** Equipped with easy tie fastenings and a slip-resistant sole, these overboots ensure a firm, adjustable hold and help prevent possible workplace injuries



Key Features and Benefits

- ◊ **Lightweight low-linting CleanTough™ fabric:** Lower contamination risks
- ◊ **Elasticated opening:** A secure fit, for enhanced personal protection
- ◊ **Tie fastenings and slip-resistant sole:** Secure fit and safe use

Industries

- Controlled and Critical Environments
- Production and Manufacturing
- Pharmaceutical Manufacturing
- Biotechnology Manufacturing
- Medical Device Manufacturing





BioClean-D™ Overboots BDOB

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Material	Polyethylene/ non-woven polypropylene laminate
Color	White
Audit Standards	Manufacturing QMS Audit Standards ISO 9001, PPE Regulation 2016 425 Module D
Standards	ASTM F739, CE 0598, EN 1149-5:2018, EN 13934-1, EN 13935-2, EN 6530, EN 7854, EN 863, EN 9073-4, EN ISO 13688:2013+A1:2021, EN ISO 14325, Partial Body Protection Only, Category III, EN 13034:2005 + A1:2009, UKCA
Packaging Overview	30 pieces per sealed inner PE bag; one inner bag per sealed outer PE bag; five outer bags per lined carton (150 pieces) More sustainable packaging: Packed in recyclable plastic packaging and delivered in recycled cardboard shipper cases. Inner and outer bags and liner are made from polyethylene (PE) based film. Always check your local recyclable status as these materials may not be considered suitable for recycling in your location.
Storage	Keep away from direct sunlight; store in a dry place and keep in the original packaging. Keep away from ozone sources. If products are properly stored, as indicated, they won't lose their performances or change characteristics significantly. If products could be affected by ageing or storage, the expiry date is mentioned on the packaging materials.
Cleanroom Class	Class 10/ISO 4
Shelf Life	5 years
Construction	Bound seams with single needle stitching
Characteristics	*NOTE: BioClean CleanTough material is static dissipative and, with a charge half decay time of 0.07 sec, and so are ideal for use in a static-safe environment.

PARTICLE SHEDDING TEST RESULTS

TEST	RESULT
Particle Shedding (Helmke Drum Test)	$\geq 0.5\mu\text{m}$ (counts/min) <260

ASTM F739-12 TEST METHOD RESULTS

DRUG	Mean Breakthrough Time (MBT), Minutes Breakthrough of the test chemical is deemed to have occurred when the permeation rate has reached $0.1 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2/\text{min}$
CISPLATIN	>240
CARMUSTINE	<6
CYCLOPHOSAMIDE	217 (275,162,215)
DOXORUBICINHYDROCHLORIDE	>240
5-FLUOROURACIL	>240
METHOTREXATE	>240
ETOPOSIDE	>240
PACLITAXEL	<10
THIOTEPA	30 (28,30,33)

Results achieved under controlled laboratory conditions, by accredited external testing laboratory. *For Bioclean D and Bioclean 2000, the chemical permeation results relates to the fabric performance for reference only. Seams and closures may have lower breakthrough times. We recommend garments with sealed seams such as Bioclean-C to be worn over the coverall for added protection against chemotherapy drugs handling.

SIZE CHART

Universal



BioClean-D™ Overboots BDOB

MATERIAL PERFORMANCE TEST RESULTS

TEST	RESULT	PERFORMANCE CLASS	PERFORMANCE STANDARD
Abrasion Resistance	>10 cycles	1	EN 12947
Flex Cracking Resistance	>50,000 cycles	6	EN ISO 7854
Puncture Resistance	>5 N	1	ISO 13996
Trapezoidal Tear Resistance Cross Direction (CD)	EN ISO 9073-4	1	EN ISO 9073-4
Trapezoidal Tear Resistance Machine Direction (MD)	>10 N	1	EN ISO 9073-4
Tensile Strength Cross Direction (CD)	>30 N	1	EN ISO 13934-1
Tensile Strength Machine Direction (MD)	>30 N	1	EN ISO 13934-1
Repellence to Liquids – 30% H ₂ O	>90%	3	ISO 6530
Repellence to Liquids – 10% NaOH	>90%	3	ISO 6530
Repellence to Liquids – O-Xylene	>80%	2	ISO 6530
Repellence to Liquids – Butan-1-ol	>90%	3	ISO 6530
Penetration by Liquids – 30% H ₂ O	<1%	3	ISO 6530
Penetration by Liquids – 10% NaOH	<1%	3	ISO 6530
Penetration by Liquids – O-Xylene	<1%	3	ISO 6530
Penetration by Liquids – Butan-1-ol	<1%	3	ISO 6530
Seam Strength ²	>50 N	2	ISO 13935-2
Electrostatic Charge Half Decay Time, t ₅₀ (secs)	PASS		EN1149-3

1. Seam not destroyed

2. The material is static dissipative. Tested in accordance with EN1149-5.

ORDERING INFORMATION

	SIZE	Universal
BDOB	REORDER NO.	BDOB

Performance Standards and Regulatory Compliance

CE 0598



For additional information visit us at www.ansell.com, or call us at

Europe, Middle East & Africa Region

Ansell Healthcare Europe NV
T: +32 (0) 2 528 74 00
F: +32 (0) 2 528 74 01

Asia Pacific Region

Ansell Global Trading Center
T: +603 8310 6688
F: +603 8310 6699

North America Region

Ansell Healthcare Products LLC
US T: +1 800 800 0444
US F: +1 800 800 0445
CA T: +1-800-363-8340

Latin America & Caribbean Region

Ansell Commercial Mexico S.A. de C.V.
T: +52 442 248 1544 / 248 3133

Australia

Ansell Limited
T: +61 1800 337 041
F: +61 1800 803 578

UK

Ansell Nitritex
T: +44 1638 663338
F: +44 1638 668890



Ansell, ® and ™ are trademarks owned by Ansell Limited or one of its affiliates. US Patented and US and non-US Patents Pending: www.ansell.com/patentmarking © 2025 Ansell Limited. All Rights Reserved.

Neither this document nor any other statement made herein by or on behalf of Ansell should be construed as a warranty of merchantability or that any Ansell product is fit for a particular purpose. Ansell assumes no responsibility for the suitability or adequacy of an end user's selection of gloves for a specific application.

Please see product validation pack or contact Ansell customer service for specific data on use of garments with cytotoxic drugs. Garments used for protection against such drugs must be selected specifically for the type of chemicals used.

